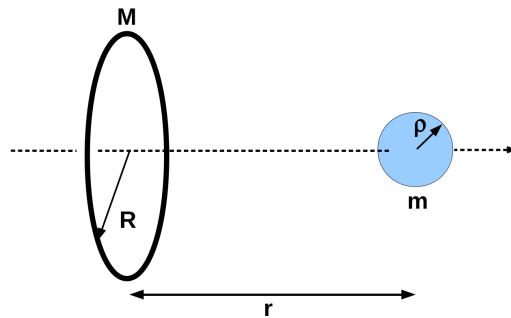
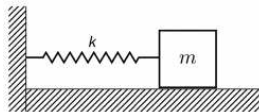


Due *in class* Thursday January 31<sup>st</sup>

1. You are pressing a book against a wall with your hand. What is the direction of the friction force which the book exerts on the wall? Explain, using a free-body diagram.
2. Calculate the gravitational force of a ring of mass  $M$  and radius  $R$  on a sphere of mass  $m$  and radius  $\rho$ , separated by a distance  $r$ . Set up and solve the integral. Use a *Taylor Series Expansion* to show that you obtain the expected result in the limit  $R \ll r$ .



3. *KEK* Problem 3.17.
4. The viscosity of milk is about  $3.0 \text{ kg}/(\text{m s})$ . Plot, as accurately as possible, the velocity versus time of a baseball released from rest, below the surface of the milk, at  $t = 0$ . (You'll need to look up the mass and radius of a baseball.) What is the terminal velocity, and what is the time  $\tau$  it takes to reach this velocity?  
(Why one would want to drop a baseball into a tank of milk is anybody's guess, but if you ever do you'll know what to expect.)
5. A block with mass  $m = 2.0 \text{ kg}$  slides on a frictionless surface as shown. It is connected to the wall by a spring with spring constant  $k = 0.15 \text{ N/m}$ . It is given an initial speed  $v_0 = 0.5 \text{ m/s}$  to the right and an initial displacement  $x_0 = 0.4 \text{ m}$  to the left of the equilibrium position.



- (a) Calculate the acceleration of the block at  $t = 6.1$  seconds.
  - (b) Carefully graph the position and velocity of the block as a function of time after it is released. Be sure to indicate the amplitude and period of the oscillation along with the initial conditions.
6. *KEK* Problem 3.19.
  7. *KEK* Problem 3.21. Note that the expression for  $r$  contains a typo: Should be

$$r(t) = Ae^{-\gamma t} + Be^{+\gamma t}$$